

Wheel Defects

CODE OF PRACTICE



Important Notice and Disclaimer

This Code of Practice has been drafted for use by rail operators and the rail industry on the Australian rail networks as defined in this Code in conjunction with, or to supplement, the existing codes of the rail organisations.

The Rail Industry Safety and Standards Board (RISSB) and all persons acting for the RISSB in preparing the Code disclaim any liability or responsibility to any person for any consequences arising directly or indirectly from the use by the rail industry or rail organisations of the Code in whole or in part, and whether or not in conjunction with, as a supplement to, the codes which the rail industry currently use.

The RISSB expressly excludes to the fullest extent permitted at law all warranties whether express or implied, at common law and statute as to the fitness for purpose of the Code to the rail user for the intended purpose.

Users of the Code should be aware that, while using the Code, they must also comply with any relevant Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation relevant to their operations. Adherence to the Code does not replace or exclude the application of such legislative requirements. The Code is intended to be normative, however users are responsible for making their own enquiries in relation to the application of legislation, and the framers of the Code accept no responsibility in this regard.

Adherence to the Code does not necessarily ensure compliance with any relevant national standards and other codes of practice. Users are responsible for making their own enquiries in relation to compliance with national standards and other codes of practice. To the extent of any inconsistency between this Code and the laws of a relevant State, Territory or the Commonwealth and any binding rules or regulations of the State, Territory or Commonwealth, the laws of that State, Territory or Commonwealth shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency between this Code and those laws.

While all reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this Code, it is provided to rail operators without any legal liability (including but not limited to liability for negligence) on the part of the RISSB and the RISSB and the publishers, authors, and editors of the Code (and their consultants) take no responsibility for loss suffered by any person resulting in any way from the use of, or reliance on, this publication. Responsibility rests with the rail organisation to ensure that all aspects of the Code are safe.

© Rail Industry Safety and Standards Board

Document Control

Identification

Document Title	Number	Version	Date
Code of Practice for Wheel Defects		V1.0	3 December 2012
Code of Practice for Wheel Defects		V1.1	15 July 2013
Code of Practice for Wheel Defects		V1.2	2 August 2013

Document History

Publication Version	Effective Date	Page(s) Affected	Reason for and Extent of Change(s)
1.0	3 December 2012	All	First Publication
1.1	15 July 2013	Appendices	Errata – missing Appendix A Wheel Measuring Points inserted and old Appendix A & B become Appendix B & C
1.2	2 August 2013	Section 2.3; new Figure 2 and notes; Section 4.7; Table 3 (for flange angle); Chart 6a; Appendix A new Figures A1-A4, note added to Figure A5.	Clarifications and correction of minor errors.

Authoring & Approval

	Name	Date
Prepared By	Wheel Defects Development Gro	р
Approved By	Rail Industry Safety and Standard	s Board 26 November 2012

Code Change Procedures

The RISSB maintains the master for this document and publishes the current version on the RISSB website.

Any changes to the content of this publication require the version number to be updated.

Changes to this publication must be approved according to the procedure for developing management system documents.

The RISSB will identify and communicate changes to this publication.

Contents

1	Introd	duction	6
	1.1	Purpose	6
	1.2	Scope	6
	1.3	Definitions	6
2	Gene	eral Requirements	9
	2.1	General	9
	2.2	Wheel Defect Categories	
	2.3	Wheel Features	
3	Whee	el Inspection	
	3.1	General	12
4	Appli	cation of Wheel Gauges	14
	4.1	Types of Gauges	14
	4.2	High Flange	
	4.3	Thin Flange	15
	4.4	Steep Flange	15
	4.5	Rim Thickness	
	4.6	Wheel Condition Warning Gauges	17
	4.7	Wheel Tread Hollowing	
	4.8	Inspection Technologies	17
5	Limiti	ng Dimensions	18
	5.1	General	18
	5.2	Wheel Rim Thickness	18
	5.3	Permissible Variation in Wheel Diameter	18
	5.4	Limiting Tread and Flange Dimensions	19
	5.5	Movement of a Wheel on Axle	19
	5.6	Wheel Tread Impact Detectors	19
	5.7	Tyred wheels	20
6	Therr	mal Cracks	21
	6.1	General	21
	6.2	Repair	21
7	Spall	ing and Shelling	25
	7.1	General	25
	7.2	Repair	25

8	vvnee	Flats	. 29
	8.1	General	. 29
	8.2	Repair	. 29
9	Scaled	d Wheels	. 33
	9.1	General	. 33
	9.2	Repair	. 33
10	Arrise	s and Other Flange Defects	
	10.1	General	. 36
	10.2	Arrises	
	10.3	Unacceptable Flange Conditions	
	10.4	Repair	
11	Tread	and Flange - Wear and Flow	. 39
	11.1	General	. 39
	11.2	Repair	. 39
	11.3	Tread & Flange Wear Conditions	
12	Dama	ged / Fractured Wheels	. 44
	12.1	General	
	12.2	Cracked or Broken Web / Plate	
	12.3	Shattered Rim Defects	
	12.4	Cracked or Broken Wheel Rim	
	12.5	Cracked or Broken Flange	
	12.6	External Wheel Damage	
13	Overh	eated Wheels	. 49
	13.1	General	. 49
	13.2	Repair	
14	Tread	Checks	. 52
	14.1	General	. 52
	14.2	Repair	. 52
15	Misali	gned Brake Gear	. 54
	15.1	General	. 54
	15.2	Temporary Brake Block Overhang	. 54
	15.3	Permanent Brake Block Overhang	. 55
16	Out-of	-Round Wheels	. 56
	16.1	General	. 56
	16.2	Repair	. 56

Appendix Contents

A	APPENDIX A – WHEEL PROFILE MEASUF	RING POINTS DEFIN	NITIONS .	57
В	APPENDIX B – WHEEL PROFILE GAUGES	S		60
С	APPENDIX C – BIBLIOGRAPHY			65
		46		

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document describes requirements for the inspection and repair of freight, passenger, and infrastructure maintenance rolling stock wheels, providing definitions and illustrations of wheel faults and defects. Each defect category has a severity and corresponding action.

The main purposes of the requirements are to:

- reduce the risk of derailment arising from wheel failure,
- reduce the risk of damage to infrastructure caused by wheel defects,
- minimise hunting/maintaining good vehicle stability and
- minimise wheel/rail contact stresses in order to prevent rolling contact fatigue in wheels and rails.

1.2 Scope

This Code is supplementary to AS 7514 Railway Rolling Stock - Wheels: Parts 1 to 4 and applies to new and existing locomotive, freight, passenger and infrastructure maintenance rolling stock.

Rolling stock used on light rail, cane railway and monorail networks are not covered.

Dimensions and limit values given in this Code are primarily for wheels over 700 mm diameter. Where smaller wheels are used, suitable adjustments to the wear and defect limits may need to be made by the railway operator.

For operation at speeds above 200 km/h the defect levels given in this Code may have to be reduced and adapted for increased dynamic or static wheel loading, material strength limitations and passenger comfort.

For operations with axle loads exceeding 30t the specific wheel defect limits and their requirements for qualifying wheelsets for service, including their methods of measure, are not included in this code. Likewise the specific methods of repair/actions to be taken/permitted speeds may not be applicable/acceptable to axle loads exceeding 30t.

When moving rolling stock between differing networks e.g. DIRN and Pilbara networks, or between Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania and Western Australia narrow gauge networks, the differing wheelset back-to-back dimensions, wheel cross-sections and profilesapplicable to each Network must be taken into account.

Application of this standard to Infrastructure Maintenance Rolling Stock that operate at speeds below 15 km/h or at rail wheel axle loads below 5 t needs to be assessed on an individual basis and Operators should develop specific wheel defect criteria where necessary.

1.3 Definitions

For the purposes of this Code of Practice the definitions given in the Australian Code of Practice – Glossary of Railway Terminology [37] shall apply. The following definitions are specific to this COP.

Arris: A raised lip near the flange tip caused by metal flow under load.

Back: The face of a wheel on the flange side.

Class: A grade of wheel defect severity.