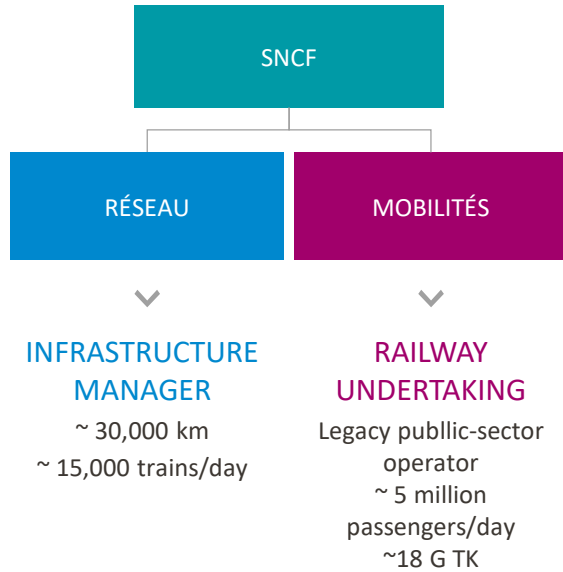


AUTONOMOUS TRAINS IN AN OPEN ENVIRONMENT

Collaboration between developer and railway safety authority for a successful project

HOW FRENCH RAILWAYS ARE ORGANISED



National Safety Authority
~100 employees

AUTONOMOUS TRAIN PROGRAMME

PROGRAMME LAUNCH

2016

Staffing

Definition of work

R&D PROJECTS

2017/2023

4 collaboratives projects:

- Railway remote control
- Obstacle and trackside signal detection
- 2 « GoA4 » prototypes

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

2023/2025

Draft of specifications
Call for tenders
Orders

OPERATION

2025

Challenges:



From GoA 1 to 4
Incremental development



Euro compliant
Conformity with all European
standards

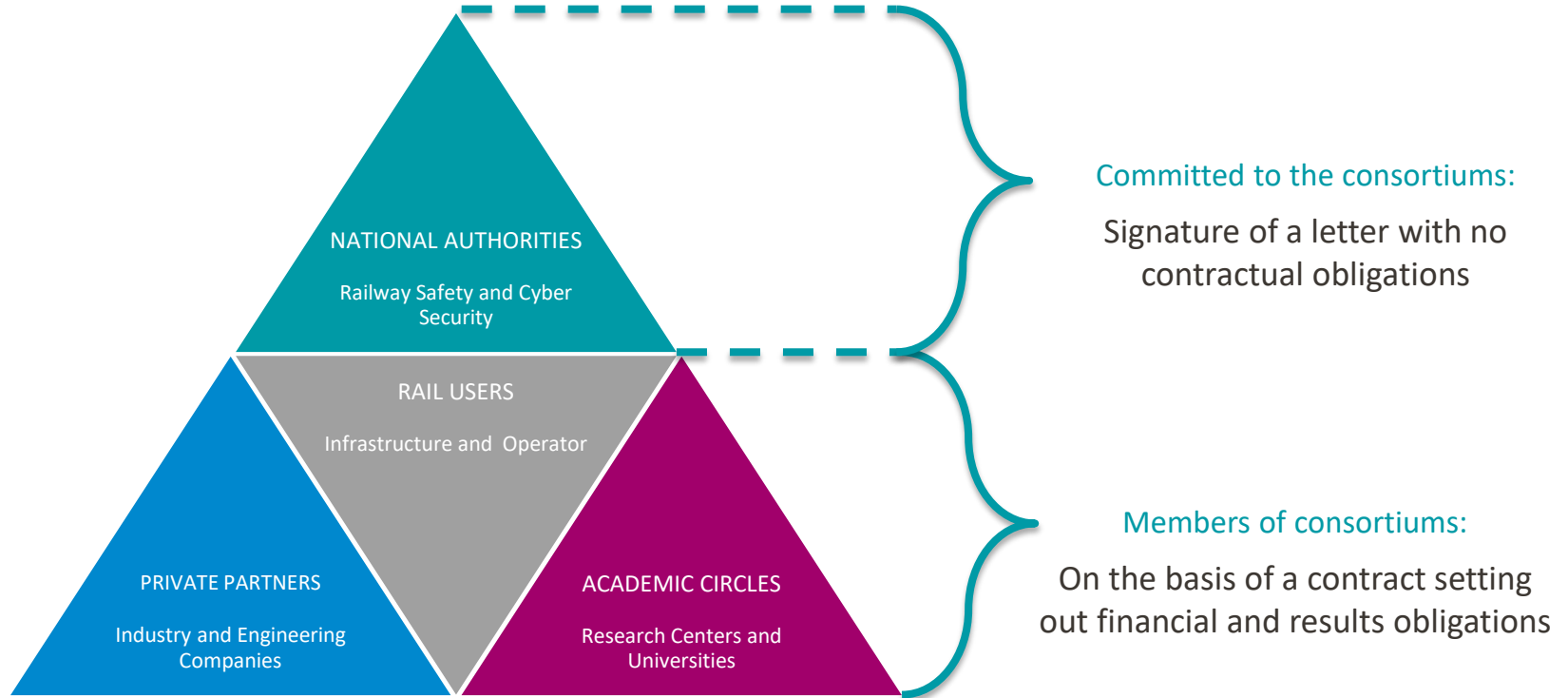


Transition compliant
Ability to function on existing rail
system



Train-borne
No changes to the infrastructure
and no new infrastructure products

STAKEHOLDERS



COLLABORATION WITH THE SAFETY AUTHORITY

Main goals

1

SAFETY BY DESIGN

2

DEFINITION OF STANDARDS AND ADAPTATION OF REGULATIONS

3

NEW SAFETY DEMONSTRATION METHODS



MAINTAINING NEUTRALITY

TC-RAIL: AN EXAMPLE OF COLLABORATION

Project for developing a remote-driven train prototype



TODAY'S MAIN CHALLENGES



Qualification

Quality of assessments made of the reliability of the functions performed by drivers:

- + Quality of perception?
- + Events avoided?
- + Compliance with existing rules (AI...)?
- + ...



Affordability

Acceptable trade-offs between safety and affordability in order to design systems that are both safe and economically viable:

- + Long distance collision detection?
- + Communication level?
- + ...



Transfer of requirements

Driving functions can be transferred:

- + To infrastructure (e.g.: environment monitoring)?
- + To traffic control (e.g. departure orders)?
- + GOA1 vs GOA4 coexistence ?
- + ...



Validation methods

Innovative validation methods:

- + Formal methods?
- + Digital simulation?
- + ...